

c. Education

Dependent variable: Government spending on education as share of GDP

Independent

Variables

	Model 1	Model 2
<i>W</i>	2.07*** (0.37)	
<i>S</i>	-0.44 (0.27)	
<i>W/S</i>		1.8*** (0.30)
Constant	2.86*** (0.23)	2.63*** (0.21)
<i>N</i>	3,313	3,313
<i>R</i> ²	0.12	0.12

d. Health care

Dependent variable: Government spending on health care as share of GDP

Independent

Variables

	Model 1	Model 2
<i>W</i>	4.09*** (0.61)	
<i>S</i>	-0.35 (0.51)	
<i>W/S</i>		3.95*** (0.49)
Constant	3.04*** (0.32)	2.80*** (0.33)
<i>N</i>	1,204	1,204
<i>R</i> ²	0.22	0.22

TABLE 10.3 (Continued)

e. Infant mortality

Dependent variable: Infant mortality
(deaths per 1,000 live births)

Independent

Variables	Model 1	Model 2
<i>W</i>	-101.5*** (8.3)	
<i>S</i>	10.1 (6.3)	
<i>W/S</i>		-96.4*** (7.2)
Constant	113.1*** (6.7)	119.4*** (6.4)
<i>N</i>	3,365	3,365
<i>R</i> ²	0.33	0.33

f. Life expectancy

Dependent variable: Life expectancy at birth
(in years)

Independent

Variables	Model 1	Model 2
<i>W</i>	24.6*** (1.9)	
<i>S</i>	-2.6* (1.4)	
<i>W/S</i>		23.1*** (1.5)
Constant	49.0*** (1.3)	47.5*** (1.3)
<i>N</i>	2,692	2,692
<i>R</i> ²	0.34	0.33

*** $p < 0.01$

Note: *W* = winning coalition; *S* = selectorate; *W/S* = loyalty norm; data on *W*, *S*, and *W/S* cover all countries in the world averaged over the time period 1960–1999. Standard errors are shown in parentheses.

Source: Data are from Bueno de Mesquita and colleagues (2003) and McGuire (2002).